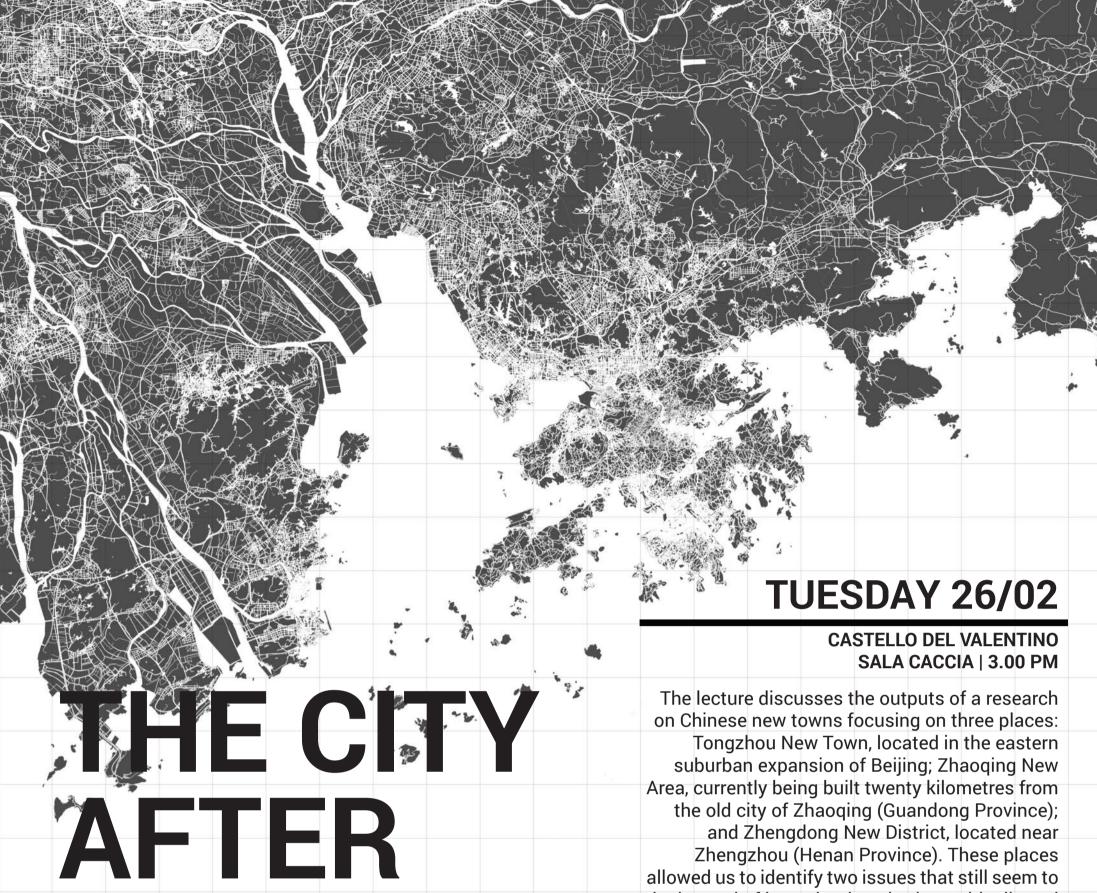




FRANCESCA GOVERNA   ANGELO SAMPIERI Professor of Economic and Political Geography Associate Professor of Urban Planning Polytechnic of Turin	26/02	THE CITY AFTER CHINESE NEW TOWNS  Castello del Valentino   Sala Caccia   3.00 pm
XUEFEI REN Associate Professor of Sociology and Global Urban Studies, Michigan State University	04/03	BUILDING NEW TOWNS IN CHINESE CITIES  Castello del Valentino   Sala Caccia   5.30 pm
	05/03	INDIVIDUAL CONSULTANCIES WITH PH.D. STUDENTS Castello del Valentino   Sala Vigliano   9.00 am
YANG DINGLIANG Instructor in Urban Planning and Design Harvard University Graduate School of Design	12/03	TOWNIZATION: NEW URBAN PARADIGM IN CHINA Castello del Valentino   Sala Caccia   5.30 pm
	13/03	INDIVIDUAL CONSULTANCIES WITH PH.D. STUDENTS Castello del Valentino   Sala Vigliano   9.00 am
AUSTIN WILLIAMS Senior Lecturer in Architecture, Kingston School of Art Honorary Research Fellow, Xjtlu University	12/04	ECO-CITIES IN CHINA  Castello del Valentino   Sala Caccia   10.00 am
	12/04	INDIVIDUAL CONSULTANCIES WITH PH.D. STUDENTS Castello del Valentino   Sala Vigliano   3.00 pm
	07/05	FINAL DISCUSSION  Castello del Valentino   Sala Vigliano   3.00 pm

# THE CITY AFTER CHINESE NEW ASTRID SAFINA, LEONARDO RAMONDETTI TOWNS EXCELLENCE COURSE IN URBAN & REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT SCUDO MENTO ARE TAKES TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER



## CHINESE NEW TOWNS

be in need of investigations both empirically and theoretically: the spatial features and the regional

scaling-up of the Chinese urbanisation processes. While presenting these issues, on the one hand the lecture emphasises their specificity in the investigated contexts, on the other, transcends these specific cases in order to question urban studies beyond the (alleged) exceptionality of Chinese urbanisation. By adopting this approach Chinese new towns become an object of study as well as a specific viewpoint from which to examine contemporary urbanisation and radically re-discuss old categories, conceptualisations, and even the epistemology of the urban.

## FRANCESCA GOVERNA

PROFESSOR OF ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY POLYTECHNIC UNIVERSITY OF TURIN

### ANGELO SAMPIERI

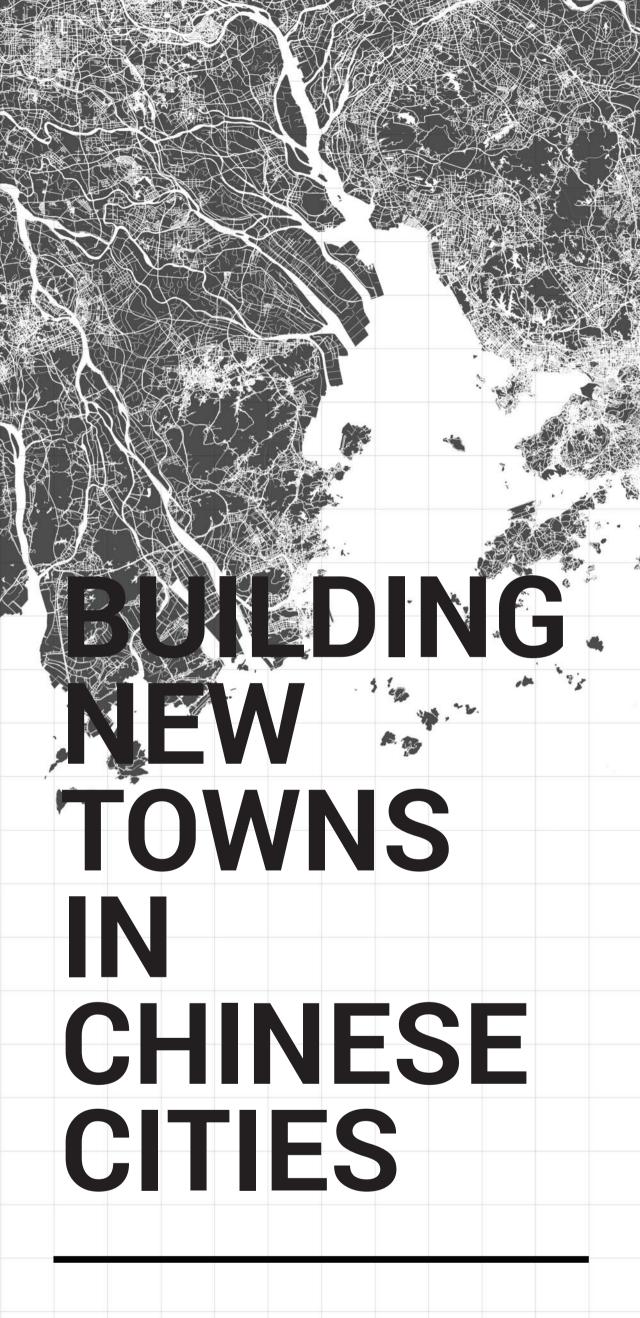
PROFESSOR OF URBAN PLANNING POLYTECHNIC UNIVERSITY OF TURIN

### THE CITY AFTER CHINESE NEW TOWNS EXCELLENCE COURSE IN URBAN & REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT

COORDINATORS







### **MONDAY 04/03**

CASTELLO DEL VALENTINO SALA CACCIA | 5.30 PM

In recent years, Chinese cities have witnessed a boom of newtown development. Most research to date has focused on newtowns in the largest cities such as Beijing and Shanghai, or the spectacular ghost towns such as Ordos in Inner Mongolia. This talk discusses a different type of newtown development taking place in China's rustbelt. In spite of the sluggish economy and population growth, many newtowns in China's northeast region have been steadily attracting residents and, some have even become desirable neighborhoods to live in. This talk examines the logic of newtown development in China's rustbelt, which resembles but also departs from newtowns in China's boom cities and ghost towns.

### **XUEFEI REN**

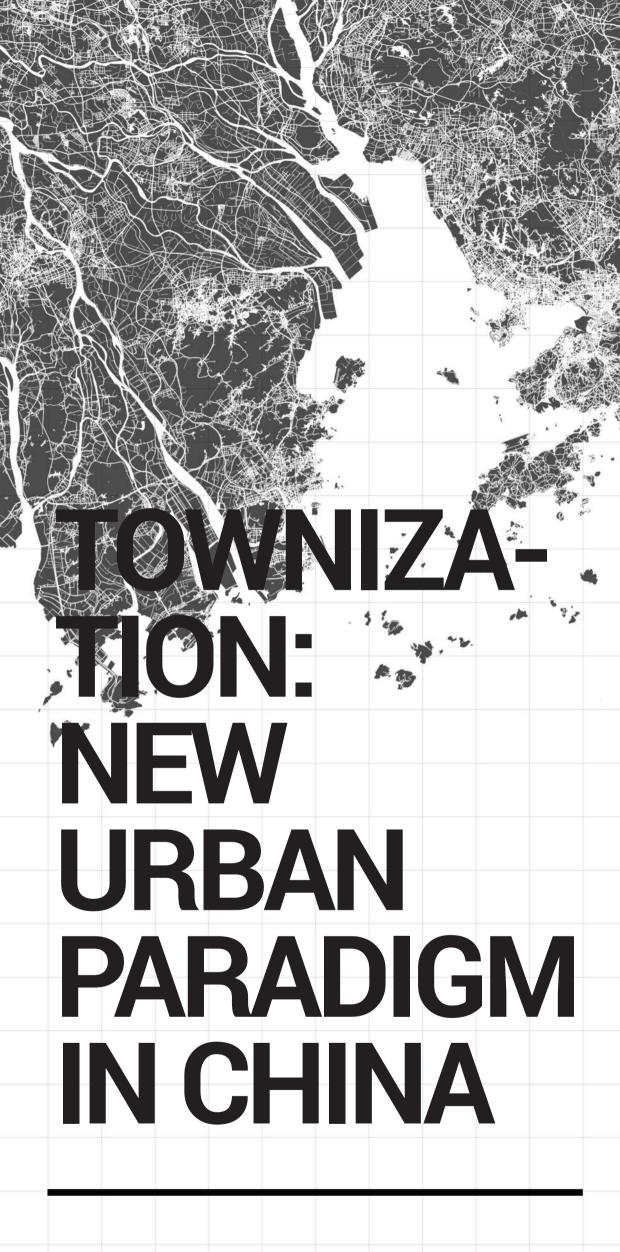
PROFESSOR OF SOCIOLOGY AND GLOBAL URBAN STUDIES MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY

THE CITY AFTER CHINESE NEW TOWNS EXCELLENCE COURSE IN URBAN & REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT

COORDINATORS







### **TUESDAY 12/03**

CASTELLO DEL VALENTINO SALA CACCIA | 5.30 PM

For the past four decades, the benefit of agglomeration has been hugely emphasized by the central government of China. This exclusively inclination on 'city-making' leads to density problems, environmental deterioration, and the urban-rural disparity. These facts, together with the demand of urbanization to stimulate the economic growth, are the most important reasons for a policy reorientation in searching of alternatives of the urbanization paradigm. After several years of research, it is proved that there can be developed into a 'town network' consists of 19,683 existing towns, as the complementary system of the existing 'city network', to help absorb the 300 million potential becomingcitizens/urban-rural migrants within the next 15 years. The lecture discusses this 'townization policy' and its possible implication in urban design projects. One exemplary and one extreme town design cases will be presented to indicate how the innovative strategies can contribute to improve built environment, reduce environmental pollution and protect the agricultural land.

### **YANG DINGLIANG**

INSTRUCTOR IN URBAN PLANNING AND DESIGN HARVARD UNIVERSITY GRADUATE SCHOOL OF DESIGN

THE CITY AFTER CHINESE NEW TOWNS
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COORDINATORS







### **AUSTIN WILLIAMS**

SENIOR LECTURE IN PRACTICES IN ARCHITECTURE KINGSTON SCHOOL OF ART

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